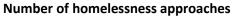
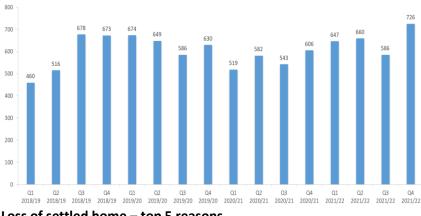
Homelessness Report Q4 2021/22

Note: This report is the thirteenth published report since the introduction of the Homelessness Reduction Act (HRA) on 3 April 2018. The figures used in this report are not directly comparable to previous years due to changes in the definitions within the legislative framework.

Homelessness Approaches





Loss of settled home – top 5 reasons

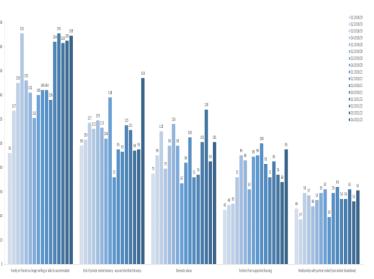
189 (26%) family or friends no longer willing or able to accommodate, an increase of 4 (2%) from Q3 and an increase of 5 (3%) from Q4 2020/21.

154 (21%) private rented, assured shorthold tenancies ending, an increase of **59 (62%)** from Q3 and an increase of **39 (34%)** from Q4 2020/21.

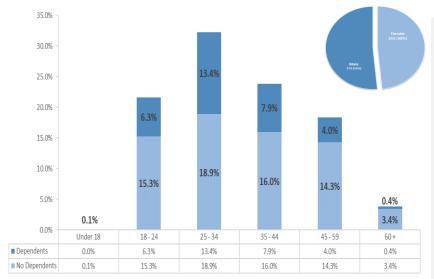
101 (14%) approaches were due to domestic abuse, an increase of **16 (19%)** from Q3. This approach type increased by **27 (36%)** from Q4 2020/21.

726 households approached the authority as homeless during Q4 2021/22, an increase of **140 (24%)** from Q3.

The number of homeless approaches increased by **120 (20%)** from the same quarter last year.



Age and gender profile of lead applicant presenting as homeless during Q4 2021/22



374 (52%) lead applicants presenting as homeless during Q4 were male, 352 (48%) were female.

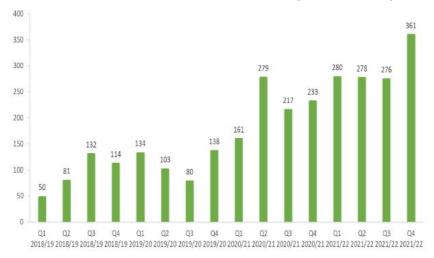
32% of lead applicants presenting as homeless during Q4 were aged between 25 and 34 years old.

68% of homeless approaches came from applicants without dependent children.

32% of homeless approaches came from applicants with dependent children.

Cases Resolved Under Prevention Duty

Number of homelessness cases resolved under prevention duty



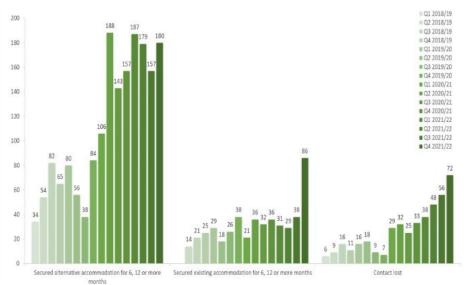
361 cases were resolved under prevention duty during Q4, an increase of **85 (31%)** from **276** preventions during Q3.

Cases resolved under prevention duty increased by **128 (55%)** when compared to the same quarter last year.

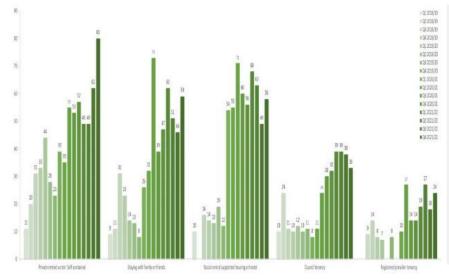
Cases resolved under prevention duty reasons – top 3 reasons

180 (50%) cases resolved under prevention duty during Q4 were helped to secure alternative accommodation for 6, 12 or more months, an increase of **23 (15%)** from the same guarter last year.

86 (24%) cases resolved under prevention duty during Q4 were helped to secure existing accommodation for 6, 12 or more months, an increase of **50 (139%)** from the same quarter last year.



Cases resolved under prevention duty accommodation outcome – top 5 outcomes

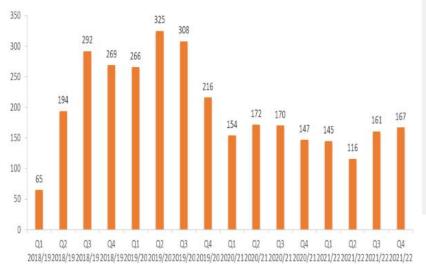


80 (22%) households resolved under prevention duty were helped to secure a property within the private rented sector, an increase of **18 (29%)** from **62** during Q3.

59 (16%) households were able to stay with family or friends, an increase of 13 (28%) from Q3 and an increase of 12 (26%) from the same quarter last year.

Note: Categories with low numbers have not been included on this graph.

Homelessness Cases Resolved Under Relief Duty



Cases resolved under relief duty

167 cases were resolved under relief duty, an increase of 6 (4%) from the Q3 relief figure of 161.

Cases resolved under relief duty increased by 20 (14%) when compared to the same quarter last year.

3,167 cases have been resolved under relief duty since the introduction of the HRA on 3 April 2018.

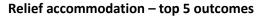
Cases resolved under relief duty end reason - top 2 reasons

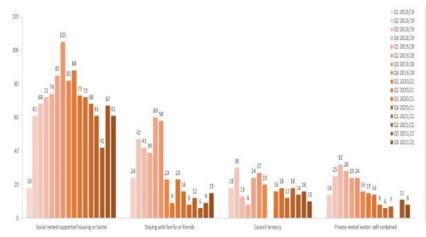
112 (67%) households were helped to secure accommodation for a period of 6 or 12 months during Q4, a reduction of 12 (10%) from Q3.

Contact was lost with 34 (20%) households during Q4, an increase of 7 (26%) from Q3.

Note: Categories with low numbers have not been included on the graph.

250 Q2 2018/19 220225 Q3 2018/19 204 204 04 2018/19 Q1 2019/20 200 186 Q2 2019/20 O3 2019/20 160 Q4 2019/20 Q1 2020/21 150 Q2 2020/21 132130 126 124 Q3 2020/21 115110 113 112 04 2020/21 Q1 2021/22 100 02 2021/22 76 Q3 2021/22 04 2021/22 58 50 53 50 50 39 25 24 24 28 27 34 30 Secured accommodation for 6 or 12 months Contact lost





61 (37%) households were helped to secure social rented supported housing or hostel accommodation, a reduction of 6 (9%) from 67 during Q3.

15 (9%) were able to stay with family & friends, an increase of 6 (67%) from 9 during Q3.

Note: Categories with low numbers have not been included on the graph.

01 2018/19

Full Homeless Duty Acceptances

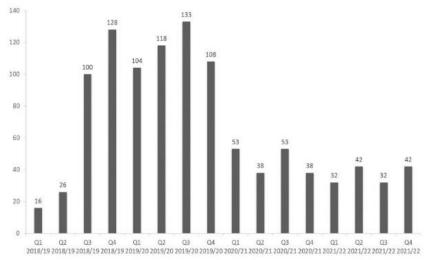
Number of homelessness cases owed a full homeless duty

11 (26%) households owed a full

from 7 in Q3.

2020/21.

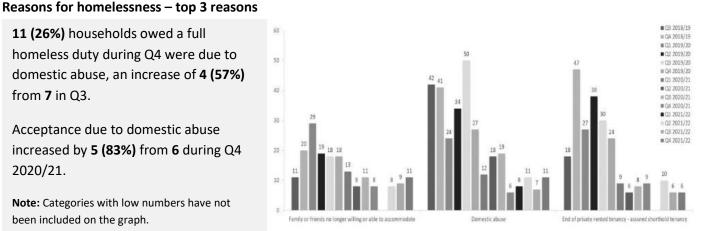
been included on the graph.



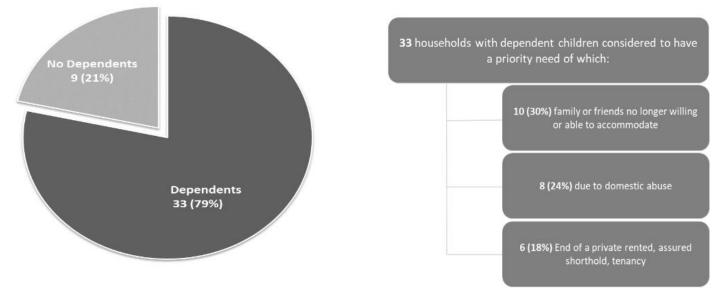
42 households were accepted as being owed a full homeless duty, an increase of 10 (31%) from 32 acceptances during Q3.

Households for whom a full homelessness duty was owed increased by 4 (11%) when compared to the same quarter last year.

1,063 households in total were owed a full homeless duty since the introduction of the HRA.



Number of households owed a full homeless duty Q4 2021/22 - with or without dependent children



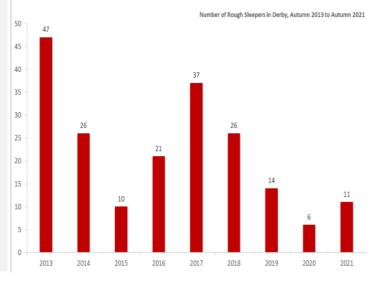
Note: Data is updated for previous months and quarters in the current financial year when the latest snapshot is run. This means that data may differ from that reported previously. This approach helps to ensure that any additional cases, query resolution and amendments are reflected within the reports.

Rough Sleeping in Derby

Number of people sleeping rough in Derby, % increase and rough sleeping rate.

The official annual Rough Sleeper estimate for November 2021 recorded **11** people known to be sleeping rough in Derby, an increase of **5 (83%)** from the 2020 rough sleepers estimate of **6**.

The next official estimate will be completed in November 2022.



Source: MHCLG Rough Sleeping in England Statistics